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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/936,841	03/01/2002	Martin Caldwell	1890-0020	1503	
22204	7590 10/03/2003		EXAMINER		
NIXON PEABODY, LLP 8180 GREENSBORO DRIVE			THALER, MICHAEL H		
SUITE 800	SBORO DRIVE		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
MCLEAN, V	CLEAN, VA 22102 DATE N		3731 DATE MAILED: 10/03/200	, 13	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application	No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Antique Community	09/936,841		CALDWELL ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit			
	Michael Tha		3731			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the c	over sneet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	36(a). In no event, y within the statutor will apply and will e	however, may a reply be tim ry minimum of thirty (30) days xpire SIX (6) MONTHS from tion to become ABANDONE	ely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	·					
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ Th	nis action is no	on-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allows closed in accordance with the practice under Disposition of Claims	ance except for Ex parte Qua	or formal matters, pr cyle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	osecution as to the merits is 53 O.G. 213.			
4)⊠ Claim(s) 1-12 is/are pending in the application	٦.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	wn from cons	ideration.				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.)☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election req	uirement.				
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acce						
Applicant may not request that any objection to th 11) The proposed drawing correction filed on						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in re			ved by the Examiner.			
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	· ·	e action.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	n priority unde	er 35 U.S.C. & 119(a)-(d) or (f)			
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	in priority and		, (4, 4, (.),			
1. Certified copies of the priority document	ts have been	received.				
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prio application from the International Bu	rity document ureau (PCT R	ts have been receive ule 17.2(a)).	ed in this National Stage			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list 14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti						
a) The translation of the foreign language pro						
15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domest						
Attachment(s)		. 🗂				
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 2 	5		r (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)			

Art Unit: 3731

The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, the external proximal valve defined in claims 9, 11 and 12 must be shown or the feature(s) canceled from the claim(s). No new matter should be entered. A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Claims 3-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. The description of the valve 8 shown in figures 2 and 3 (page 5, lines 5-19 of the specification) is so confusing and unclear that it would not enable one skilled in the art to make and/or use the invention. For example, it is unclear exactly what the "actuates" are. Further, the shape and location of the "actuates" is unclear. It is unclear where the "a distal tube" (page 5, lines 8-9) is.

Claims 3-5, 10, 11 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant

Art Unit: 3731

regards as the invention. The scope of claims 3-5 is unclear for the reasons set forth in the paragraph above. Claim 10 contradicts claim 9 (from which it depends) since the valve may not be both an external proximal valve and also an internal distal valve. In claim 11, line 9, "connectable" should be "connected" since the sleeve is not removable from the body cavity engagement means and the fixing means.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Golub et al. (5,514,133). Golub et al. disclose body cavity engagement means (distal ring 14), fixing means (proximal ring 12), sleeve 16 having an associated connector ring 56 for receiving medical instruments (passing within the apparatus 10) and sealing means 62, 64. The Golub et al. specification fails to specifically indicate that the sealing means 62, 64 mould about a substantial portion of a surgeon's hand or surgical instrument.

Art Unit: 3731

However, it would have been obvious that this occurs to some extent since figure 5 shows the flap valve seals tightly engaging the surgeon's arm and since flap valve seals typically are very Alternatively, it would have been obvious that the "envelope seals" described in col. 5, lines 8-10 mould about a substantial portion of a surgeon's hand or surgical instrument since envelope seals, by definition, envelope (or mould about) the object passing within them. Note that the sleeve 16 is inherently adjustable by the positioning of the proximal ring 12 since, once the adjustment members 24 are anchored to the proximal ring (as indicated in col. 5, lines 29-320), pulling the proximal ring upwards will cause the sleeve 16 to also be pulled upwards to even further tighten the seal between the incision and sleeve. Alternatively, rotating the proximal ring will inherently twist sleeve 16 and thereby shorten it. Thus, Golub et al. discloses the adjustment means for adjusting or modifying the length of the sleeve defined in claims 7 and 12. However, assuming arguendo that Golub et al. fails to disclose adjustment means for adjusting the length of the sleeve, as defined by 35 U.S.C. 112, sixth paragraph, since Golub et al. fails to disclose the step of using the device in this manner, it was well known to rotate a proximal ring of a surgical port in order to twist and tighten an attached sleeve

Art Unit: 3731

which passes through the incision in order to insure that a good seal is formed between the incision and the sleeve. It would have been obvious to so use the Golub et al. device so that it too would have this advantage. As to claim 8, The Golub et al. fails to disclose that sleeve 16 (bellows 54) is made of elastomer material. However, it was well known that bellows typically are formed of elastomer material so that they return to the original shape when It would have been obvious to form bellows 54 of elastomer material so that it too would have this advantage. As to claim 10, the Golub et al. valve 62, 64 is an internal distal valve, as broadly claimed since it is internal of the apparatus 10 and distal to proximal member 56. Alternatively, it was well known to locate the valve of a surgical port distally within the incision with the advantage that it insures that no fluid can escape into the port. It would have been obvious to so locate the Golub et al. valve so that it too would have this advantage.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael Thaler whose telephone number is (703) 308-2981. The examiner can normally be reached Monday to Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael J. Milano can be

Art Unit: 3731

reached on (703)308-2496. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703)305-3590 for regular communications and (703)305-3590 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703)308-0858.

mht September 25, 2003 MICHAEL THALER
PRIMARY EXAMINER
ART UNIT 3731